MIRROR HISTORICAL ARCHIVE

Started in 1903, the *Daily Mirror* was influential in changing the course of British newspapers in the second half of the twentieth century, becoming Britain's bestselling daily newspaper by 1949. Editorially left-leaning and populist to reflect the views of its target working class audience, it offers a counterpoint to the more conservative newspapers that dominated the late nineteenth- and early-twentieth centuries, such as *The Times* and *The Telegraph*.



THE INFLUENTIAL MASS-MARKET NEWPAPER THAT CHANGED THE COURSE OF BRITISH JOURNALISM

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The Mirror Historical Archive extends the 'mass market' content available in Gale Historical Newspapers. The Daily Mirror (working class) and the Daily Mail (middle class) challenged the broadsheet dominance of newspapers such as The Times and The Telegraph, providing both an alternative view and journalistic style that went on to dominate the British newspaper market in the second half of the twentieth century.

AN AMBITIOUS PUBLICATION

The Daily Mirror was run by an all-female staff, originally started as a journal for respectable women, a previously neglected mass-market audience that was not catered for by the major daily newspapers aimed at the professional (male) reader. The founder, Lord Northcliffe, had misjudged the audience, and the first version of the Mirror was a financial disaster. The combination of monetary pressures, technological developments in rotary printing, and the success of illustrated papers such as the Graphic led to a change of approach. Briefly becoming the Daily Illustrated Mirror, it moved to a style of journalism and visual presentation borrowed from the successful American dailies: bold headlines, sensationalist content, and everyday language.

A NEW APPROACH TO NEWS

Beginning in 1934, an overhaul led the *Mirror* to become the bestselling daily newspaper in Britain in 1949, and by 1951 it was selling over 4.5 million copies a day, more than double the *Daily Mail*. During this time, the *Mirror* had separated itself from its competitors by becoming unashamedly populist, becoming the newspaper of choice for everyday people. The overwhelming financial success of the *Daily Mail* and the *Daily Mirror* during the mid-twentieth century started a change in British newspapers and journalism. Many other daily newspapers moved toward a tabloid approach as the business model became increasingly appealing.

GALE DIGITAL SCHOLAR LAB

Gale helps colleges and universities launch, enhance, or accelerate their digital scholarship programs with Gale Digital Scholar Lab, our platform developed with participation from beta testers across a wide range of institutions and organisations. It is designed to transform the way scholars and students access and analyse Gale primary source materials by offering solutions to some of the most common challenges facing researchers in the digital humanities today.

FEATURES AND TOOLS

Term Frequency

See the frequency of search terms within a content set to begin assessing interactions and how they developed over time.

Term Clusters

Developing research topics by identifying and organising frequently occurring themes, and revealing hidden relationships between search terms.

Text & Data Mining

At request, Gale will deliver data and metadata associated with the collection for use in data mining and textual analysis, supporting the digital humanities.

