Gale Primary Sources

Start at the source.

17th and 18th Century Nichols Newspapers Collection

Notable Titles







The 17th and 18th Century Nichols Newspapers Collection includes some of the most notable publications from the period, many of which were highly innovative and influential in the development of printing and publishing history.

Covering news from within the UK and beyond, including pioneering views and formats, ranging from conservative to provocative, this archive brings to light the genesis and evolution of many elements of newspapers we still recognise to this day.





The Athenian Mercury







The Athenian Mercury

The Athenian Mercury was a twice-weekly periodical published by The Athenian Society, believed to have introduced the advice column format. John Dunton (1659-1733) served as the Editor-in-Chief, with the content written alongside other members of The Athenian Society.

The periodical provided a space where reader's queries were answered, with questions accepted from both men and women.

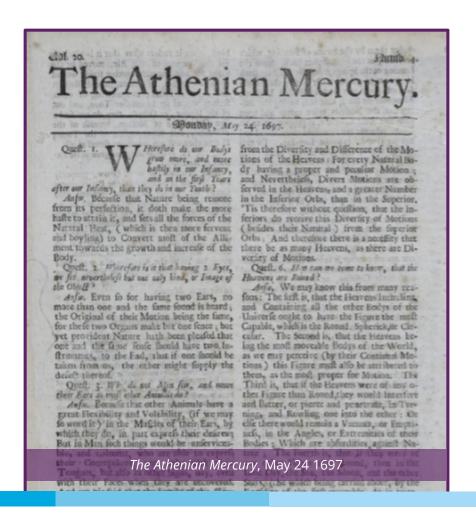




The Athenian Mercury

Aimed at both male and female readers, it covered a range of topics from science to sex. Dunton claimed the content was plagiarised by The *Lacedemonian Mercury* (also in this archive), prompting Dunton to use advertising to encourage readers to resubmit their questions for amended answers.

According to Dunton, notable figures submitted questions to the periodical, including Jonathan Swift. The 'question and answer' format was later adopted by Daniel Defoe in some of his projects, and is still common to this day as the root of 'agony aunt' columns in many contemporary publications.





The Ladies Mercury



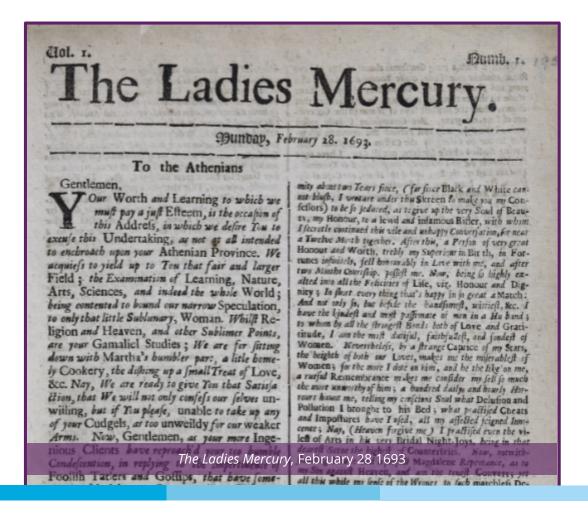




The Ladies Mercury

The Ladies Mercury was the first periodical designed for a female audience, and ran for four weeks during 1693. It provided an important moment in publishing history, opening the door to future publications aimed at entirely female audiences.

The Ladies Mercury inspired many subsequent publications for female-only audiences, including *The Female Tatler*, also contained in this archive.





The Ladies Mercury

A single sheet publication, *The Ladies Mercury* was a response to the success of female-oriented topics in The Athenian Mercury, which were so popular that the first Tuesday edition of each month had been dedicated to responses to women's questions.

riage, confifts not in the high Veins of the Bride, nor can the Title of a Father fence against the Justice of that Curse you mention, notwithstanding the humility of that low Birth, which his own prouder Greatness is pleased so highly to be difgusted at. Besides, if he rightly considers, the is not that dishonour to his Family, for what her original Birth wanted, her prefent Marriage has given her. As your Bride she is honourable, though perhaps, as her Fathers Daughter, the was not fo, and 'ewould be a peice of wildom, as well as justice, in your Father, in this case, to look before him, and nor behind him

Quest. 2d. I am a man of Honour, and not a twelvemouth fince I married a young woman, to whom I was the noelt fauthful and fondest of Husbands; but as neither Truth ver Endearments are any obligations to Lust and Shame. I had not been married half a year before I took her in the very all of Adultery. Now, (as I suppose you will grant me) being neither obliged as a Gentleman or a Christian to take Infamy and Pollucion into my Embraces, and to lay open my Conflicution, not able to live wirbout a woman, I at prefent Leep a Mistrifi, a Companion to dear to me, that with all my feel I could marry her; but as the highest Favour the straitlaced Drs. Commons will give me is a Divorce only a menfa & roto, frem my first hard bargain, that performance is above my power. Now my Queftion to you Gentlemen is this, How far I am finful in this last conversation, and whether Adultery or not together with your opinion of our prefent Law. that in cases of Adultery will no farther unty the Marriage-Knot than by a separation only from Bed and Board?

Anfar. Truly Sir, we think your cafe one of the hard. eft in the World, for in the first place, it seems a weak piece of justice, that a woman for fo unpardonable a guilt Adultery should only be divorced from her Husband's

The Ladies Mercury, March 10 1693 Alphabetical Digethor. For fip-

hard Case under all the above mentioned and infinitely more other Inconveniences, that Christ should grant that Dispensation, which a Christian Government and Christian Law condemns and denies us.

Quest. 3. What's your Opinion of the Athenians undertaking of a LADIES DICTIONARY, to Contain Answers (Alphabetically digested) to all the most nice and Choises Questions concerning Love, Marriage, the Behaviour, Dreis, and Humours of the Female Sex, whether Virgins, Wives, Widows, &c. defigned for a Directory to the Ladies and Batchelors upon all Occasions, the work to be compleat and published about the 20th, of April next.

Anfar. To do Justice to so high a Defign, we must acknowledg it as great a Project as finding the North-Eaftpaffage, and truly much as Practicable. Only we cannot but observe that the Athenians must either strain a point of Hangur, and prevaricate with their late Promise of al-Ogning at least one Mercury in the Week to answer the Ladies Questions, which now belike they intend to Patpone, and hang by upon their file for a Latter Lammaslatisfaction, about the 20th of April next; or otherwise, if the Ladies Questions continue answering, this Distinuary is to be only a Grand Oleo of the Crambe repetita, the mustred Reliques of what the Ladies and the whole Town have already been feafted and Gorged withall. Or if they have already by them those yet unanswered Female. Queffions which shall Compile this Voluminous Works, they have then been a little difingenuous to the Fair Sex, in fo long and fo uncomplaifant a filence to fo many numerons Interrogatories, contrary to their often repeated affurances of speedy fatisfaction to all Questims whatever. Befides it feems highly unintelligible to cur Humbler

in the full luxury of her Sin, which possibly, under the ! than half a hundred lines, (for that Sex is not fracting



The Tatler



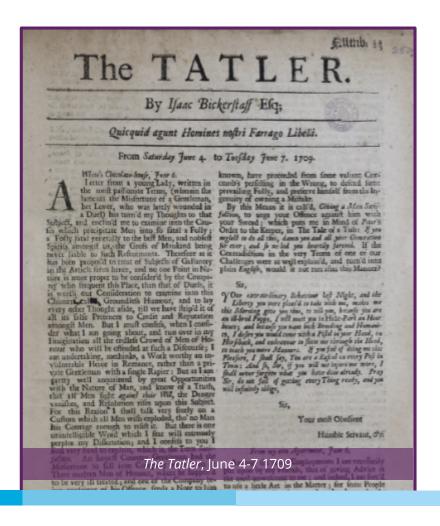




The Tatler

The Tatler was founded by Sir Richard Steele and Joseph Addison, and ran for two years between 1709 and 1711. A tri-weekly publication, it introduced a new approach to journalism, stepping away from traditional reportage and focusing on essays dedicated to news and gossip circulating in the growing coffeehouses of London.

The majority of the content is believed to have been written by Steele, who adopted the persona of Isaac Bickerstaff, believed to be the first known usage of an authorial persona. Although all articles are credited to Bickerstaff, they were in fact written by Steele or Addison, with some contributions from Jonathan Swift.





The Tatler

Both Whig politicians, Steele and Addison placed Whiggish views and opinions throughout their writings. When *The Tatler* came under Tory attack, it was shut down. Steele and Addison subsequently founded *The Spectator* in 1711 and *The Guardian* in 1713.

The Tatler was a highly influential publication, creating an approach that would be continued by many notable titles in subsequent years, including Samuel Johnson's Rambler.

eft Prices.

AT the Dial, up one Pair of Stairs, against Young Man's Coffee-house, Charing-Cross, Morning Gowns for Men and Women, of all Sorts of rich Brocaded Silks, Japan'd Sartins, and striped Thread Sartins, and great Variety of other rich Silks, Stuffs, and Callico Gowns, being a fresh Parcel of choice Goods taken in Execution, and to be sold at very low Rates, the Prices being set on each Gown. There is Variety of quilted and Canvas Petricoats.

ALL Persons who for themselves or Friends, having red and grey Hairs, would have them dy'd or turn'd black, or dark-brown Colour, will find entire Satisfaction, as a great many have already, in the Use of a clear Water found out by Mr. Michon, and is to be sold at the said Mr. Michon's, Goldsmith, at the Crown and Pearl in Grasson-street; at P. Varenne's, a Bookseller, at Seneca's Head near Somerset-house in the Strand; at the Rainbow Cossee-house beyond the Royal-Exchange in Cornhil; at Hen. Ribotteau's at the Crown over against Exere-Exchange in the Strand; and by A. Bell at the Crois-Keys and Bole in Cornhil.

C Hocolate, made of the best Nurs, at 3 s. a Pound; the best with Sugar, at 2 s. a Pound; a good Sort of all is at 2 s. 6 d. with Sugar 1 s. 8 d. to the Buyer of 3 Pounds a Quartern gratis. The best Coffee at 5 s. 4 d. a Pound; to the Buyer of 3 Pounds 1 s. allowed. Bonce Tea 16, 20, 24 s. and the very finest at 28 s. a Pound; time Green Fea 21 14 s. good at 10 s. a sound. Fin The Tatler, January 11-13 1710 d. Sold by Laur.



The Female Tatler







The Female Tatler

The authorship of *The Female Tatler* is a mystery, as like *The Tatler* it was published under a pseudonym. Writing under the name 'Mrs. Crackenthorpe', the identity of the writer (or writers) has yet to be definitively established.

It was highly innovative in its discussion of women and women's issues, and it was ahead of its time in its attitudes. It covered issues such as women's education, appearance and social etiquette, and was open in its critique of women being denied the benefits of progress by their male counterparts.





The Female Tatler

The Female Tatler began in July 1709, but in August (from issue 19) the publication split into two rival papers following a dispute between the author and printer. For two months, two papers claiming to be "By Mrs. Crackenthorpe, a Lady that knows every thing" competed for female readership under the same title, *The Female Tatler*.

In October 1709, the paper printed by the original printer (Benjamin Bragge) ceased publication, while the splinter paper (printed by Abigail Baldwin) continued publishing until March 1710. Both are present in the collection.

EMILIA's Day.

From my SCRUTORE.



OPHRONIA may go on her formal way, and cutertain the Old and the Infrud, for my part I am one of them that withdrew upon her Ridiculous Speech, at this time of Day elpecially, when the fet up for her

culous Speech, at this time of Day elpecially, when the fet up for her being Moral and Inoffentive: If the has a Bent that way, e'en let ber establish her Fame by Railing, and then the may do what the please: The mighty Genius of the Age, who now appears all that firm Morality and chearful Virtue can wish him, recommended himself to the taste of the Town by Dear Encourag'd Scandal, he might have been Witty to the Conflagration before the Beau-mond had been Sixpence the Wifer for his Lucubrations ; but he Artfully brib'd the Many with necessary Malice, and having gain'd his Point, is now at leifure to Charm the Few with Thought and Eloquence. I have made trial of this Candid Temper in Human kind, by describing to the mix'd Audience at a Coquet's Vinting-Day, the graceful Airs of Artemifa, whole every Motion thakes the Lover's Heart, or repeating the Virtues of Urania, whom even the Bad Commend; and I have observ'd it to interrupt all their Convertation, and reduce them to enquire what it was a Clock, and compare their Watches to fee how divided they were in the account of Time : Some have got up to examine Family Pictures, others it has forc'd to make their Exit a Minute and Three Seconds at least before they defign'd it; but if dispos'd to oblige, I have discover'd forme unfutpected Amour, question'd some shiring Virtue, or ridicul'd some reigning Toaft; then as it all the Sences had been chang'd to Hearing, they have gather'd round me with deep At-tention, and mark'd my Stops with A plauding Smiles.

being establish'd by never changing Truth, beyond the reach of Suspicion.——I had no sooner laid down my Pen, but in came Melanthe in her usual precipitate way; my Dear, said she, I am infinitely glad to find you at Home, I shou'd have been the most disappointed of Wretches, had I miss'd of you; what News my Dear Intelligence theo, said I; nay, not for that, answer'd Melanthe, moving sorward to the great Glass, I'll but mend this Patch and tell you: Belinda, the Gay, the Lovely, the Ador'd Belinda ——Monstrous! How I look to Day.——She that reign'd in every Heart, the wonder of our Sex and the wish of Mankind.——My Dear, how do you like my Handkerchief; don't you allow that Lemon helps my Complexion more than Cherry.——She that Sung and Play'd, Danc'd, and Talk'd, and Writ, and almost Destracted us with her Perfections, is now so Loit a Thing, that I can scarce forbear pittying the Poor Creature; I call'd upon her just now, and found her Croud of Admirers vanish'd: She Sat pensive at her Table, where she had Writ these Lines.

Attend ye Fair who Boast of Wit and Youth, And learn from me this Melaneboly Truth: "Tis fruitless all what you so highly Prize, Depend not on your Shape, your Voice, your Eyes, All Charms but Wealth can fordid Man despise.

Well! I have flay'd an Age with you; but you have not look'd upon my Muffs, 'tis wonderfully becoming this new way of wearing one upon each Arm; they are as graceful as Bracelets, and but very little broader; I fancy they'll keep in all Summer, and that will be New and French. Adien; and will you tell me nothing elfe my Dear, faid I, Ol I am fo afraid that one hideous Man or other will come up, that I have not Power to Sie down § Now I think on't, when did you fee Facks, I'll venture to enquire after him as the most

The Female Tatler, January 27-30 1710

ny to the Park, and Mrs Thoughtleft to the Pupper Snow, he Loves: He ever expresses himself in that lucky way



The Spectator







The Spectator

After liquidating *The Tatler*, Sir Richard Steele and James Addison formed *The Spectator*, which aimed to bring the topics of discussion typically confined to academia and scholarly enterprise into the public sphere, making them the focus of polite conversation among the leisure classes outside of their traditional formal settings.





The Spectator

The paper ran through over 550 issues between 1711 and 1712, and could be read through a private subscription, or at one of the growing number of coffeehouses that subscribed and provided the paper to patrons.

Much like *The Tatler*, reader's correspondence played an important role in the paper, alongside its adoption of a fictional mode of presentation, whereby author's ideals were presented through the 'Spectator Club', a group of fictitious characters from a range of backgrounds. Some notable figures contributed to the paper, including Ambrose Philips and Alexander Pope.

After closing its initial run in 1712, Addison briefly revived *The Spectator* (without the involvement of Steele) in 1714, for another 80 numbers.





International News



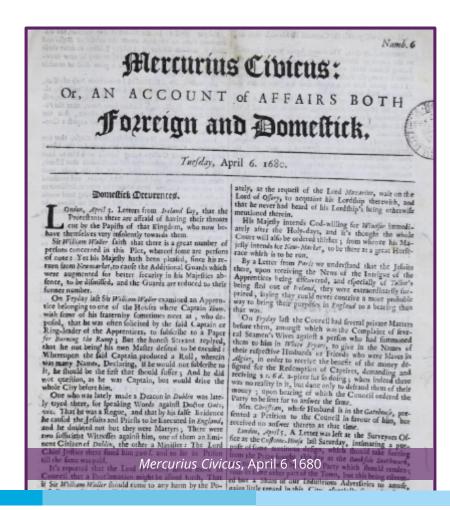




International News

John Nichols' collection included many publications relating news from outside of the United Kingdom. Some of the publications relating international news are:

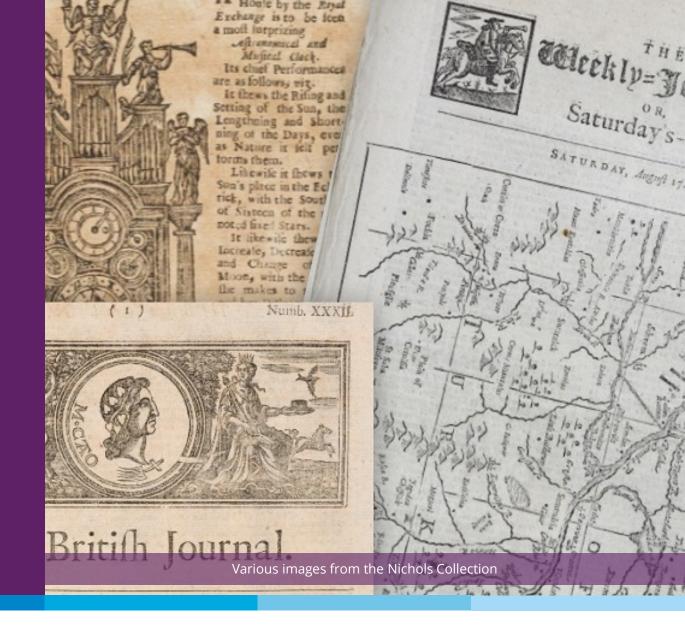
- The Haerlem Courant, Truly Rendred into English
- The Impartial Protestant Mercury, Or Occurrences Foreign and Domestick
- The Loyal Impartial Mercury, or News both Forreign and Domestick
- Mercurius Civicus or, an Account of Affairs both Forreign and Domestick
- The True Protestant Mercury, or Occurrences Foreign and Domestick
- The Weekly Pacquet of Advice from Germany, or the History of the Reformation of Religion There





To find out more about the archive, including the history of the collection and an interview with the product manager, visit

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